75% of the population in Maputo lives in informal areas, most of them are unemployed which live by the informal economy. As a result it is estimated that 62% live below the poverty line and 28% suffer from chronic malnutrition.
Only 31% of the urban population currently has access to safe drinking water and proper sanitation. Most water comes from public standpipes as only 9% have house connections, while only 4% are connected to sewers.
Needs and availability of water into Maputo with the existing infrastructure.
Water supply and price

- FIPAG (Patrimony Fund and the Water Supply).

1\textsuperscript{st}. Step for acquiring water for consumers first class.
Paid contract,
Counter,
Faucet,
Pipe for connection.
2. Step

FIPAG workers, make the pipe and water connection which ought to make the monthly payment of 1980 Metical by 220m³. Low-income consumer.

For acquisition of water they must:
- travel long distances,
- forming a row and pay 5 Metical for 20 liters of water.
Kanimambo