

SUB-MODULE IV: RESISTANCES AND ALTERNATIVES

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4.0 Resistances and Alternatives

4.1 Heterodox macroeconomic policy

- Promoting structural change crucial;
- macroeconomic prices, such as exchange + interest rates, should support development
- Without sustained output growth + significant productive job creation, policies to help poor will not succeed
- Growth process needs to be more stable by maintaining consistently counter-cyclical macroeconomic stance; need greater economic security including better capacity to deal with exogenous shocks
- Fiscal space and capacity for adequate social protection or provisioning

4.2 Alternative social policies

- Social provisioning, protection should be integral to development + poverty reduction strategies
- No evidence that IFI favoured special poverty programs—such as micro-finance, land tilting, governance reforms-significantly reduce poverty without sustained growth, job creation

4.3 Redistributive Land Reforms: The Zimbabwe case

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Annexes

Annex 1 References/ Sources

- Moyo, S. and P. Yeros (2013), 'The Zimbabwe Model: Radicalisation, Reform and Resistance', in S. Moyo and W. Chambati, eds., *Land and Agrarian Reform Zimbabwe :Beyond White-Settler Capitalism*, Dakar, CODESRIA. pp 331-357
- Moyo, S (2011), 'Changing Agrarian Relations after Redistributive Land Reform in Zimbabwe', *Journal of Peasant Studies*, Vol. 38, No. 5: pp. 939–66.